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PATENT 137682 (SPLG 12553-1053)

## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) Transceiver circuitry for ultrasound transducer elements, the transceiver circuitry comprising:

a transmit section comprising:

a transmit section input;

a transmit section output; and

receive signal blocking circuitry coupled between the transmit section input and the transmit section output; and

a receive section comprising:

a receive section input;

a receive section output and

transmit signal blocking circuitry coupled between the receive section input and the receive section output including a coupling capacitor adapted to decouple the receive section during operation of the transmit section.

- 2. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, where the transmit section output is coupled to the receive section input.
- 3. (original) The transceiver circuit of claim 1, where the transmit section input is coupled to the receive section output.
- 4. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, where at least one of the transmit and receive signal blocking circuitry comprises clamping diodes.

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- 5. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, where the receive signal blocking circuitry comprises clamping diodes coupled to the transmit section output and back-to-back diodes coupled to the transmit section input.
- 6. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, further comprising back-to back diodes coupled between multiple transducer elements, said back-to-back diodes forming a short circuit between said multiple transducer elements during transmit.
- 7. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, further comprising back-to-back diodes coupled between multiple transducer elements, said back-to-back diodes forming an open circuit between said multiple transducer elements during reception.
- 8. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, where the transmit signal blocking circuitry comprises clamping diodes coupled to the receive section input and clamping diodes coupled to the receive section output.
- 9. (original) The transceiver circuitry of claim 1, further comprising a voltage step up circuit coupled between the transmit section input and the transmit section output.
  - 10. (currently amended) An ultrasound probe comprising:
  - a transducer array comprising array transducer elements; and

transceiver circuitry comprising:

- a transmit section output coupled through receive signal blocking circuitry and a coupling capacitor to transmit transducer elements comprising a transmit aperture;
- a receive section input coupled to a multiplexed transducer element selected from the transmit transducer elements and adapted to be decoupled during operation of the transmit section,

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wherein the transmit section output drives the multiplexed transducer element during ultrasound beam transmission and where the receive section input receives a reception signal from the multiplexed transducer element during ultrasound beam reception.

- 11. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where the transceiver circuitry further comprises a transmit section input coupled to a receive section output.
- 12. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where the receive signal blocking circuitry comprises low level signal blocking circuitry.
- 13. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where at least one of the transmit and receive signal blocking circuitry comprises clamping diodes.
- 14. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, further comprising transmit signal blocking circuitry coupled to the receive section output.
- 15. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, further comprising back-to-back diodes coupled between multiple transducer elements, said back-to-back diodes forming a short circuit between said multiple transducer elements during transmit.
- 16. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, further comprising back-to-back diodes coupled between multiple transducer elements, said back-to-back diodes forming an open circuit between said multiple transducer elements during reception.
- 17. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where the transmit aperture comprises a rectangular patch of transmit transducer elements.
- 18. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where the rectangular patch is a 2x2 patch.

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- 19. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where the multiplexed transducer element is included in a triangular receive aperture comprised of selected array transducer elements.
- 20. (original) The ultrasound probe of claim 10, where the receive aperture comprises a first section of five transducer elements, a second section of four transducer elements, a third section of three transducer elements, a fourth section of two transducer elements, and a fifth section of one transducer element.
- 21. (currently amended) A method for transmitting and receiving signals through ultrasound transducer elements, the method comprising the steps of:

coupling a transmit pulse through a transmit section input, a transmit section output, and receive signal blocking circuitry coupled between the transmit section input and the transmit section output; and

coupling a receive signal through a receive section input, a receive section output, and transmit signal blocking circuitry coupled between the receive section input and the receive section output, the transmit signal blocking circuitry including a coupling capacitor adapted to decouple the receive section input during operation of the transmit section input and transmit section output.

- 22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the transmit section input is coupled to the receive section output.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 21, where the transmit section output is coupled to the receive section input.
- 24. (original) The method of claim 21, where the receive signal blocking circuitry comprises low level signal blocking circuitry.

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- 25. (previously presented) The method of claim 21, where at least one of the transmit and receive signal blocking circuitry comprises a clamping diode and an impedance element.
- 26. (original) The method of claim 21, where the receive signal blocking circuitry comprises back-to-back diodes coupled to the transmit section output and clamping diodes coupled to the transmit section input.
- 27. (previously presented) The method of claim 21, where the transmit signal blocking circuitry comprises clamping diodes coupled to the receive section output and back-to-back diodes coupled to the receive section input.